

City of London in full

The council tax bill and who receives it, spending by service, payments over £500, senior pay, the report card and how the council compares.

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This is a snapshot. It was generated on 26 September 2026 and does not change. The figures may have been updated since: the live version is at <https://whereyourmoneygoes.co.uk/reports/#council-city-of-london>.

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Executive summary

The key figures from each part of this report, with the change on a year earlier where the source gives one.

City of London: your area

£1,330

Band D council tax, 2026-27
+£55 (+4.4%) vs 2025-26
As of 6 April 2026

£10.4m

Parking surplus, 2025-26
As of 6 April 2025

25.5%

Household waste recycled,
2024-25

Council tax in City of London

£1,330

Band D a year, 2026-27
+£55 (+4.4%) vs 2025-26
As of 6 April 2026

£886

Band A, the lowest
As of 6 April 2026

-£1,081

Band D against the England
average of £2,411
Below average
As of 6 April 2026

Where your council tax goes in City of London

£1,329.56

Band D bill, 2026-27
As of 6 April 2026

£1,091.25

Goes to City of London itself (82%)
As of 6 April 2026

£741.00

Largest line: policing
As of 17 September 2026

Parking income in City of London

£10.40m

Parking surplus
-£0.19m (-1.8%) vs 2024-25
2025-26

£20.00m

Parking income
+£6.37m (+46.7%) vs 2024-25
2025-26

£9.59m

Spending on parking
+£6.56m (+216.4%) vs 2024-25
2025-26

City of London: your area

[Your area](#) · Last updated 26 September 2026 · <https://whereyourmoneygoes.co.uk/your-area/city-of-london/>

City of London sets a Band D council tax of **£1,330** for 2026-27, 294 of 296 councils in England from the highest. Police: London, City of. Fire and rescue: London Fire and Emergency Planning Authority. Health: NHS North East London Integrated Care Board. This page links to everything the site holds on the area; the full bill, the report card and parking each have a page of their own.

Key figures

£1,330

Band D council tax, 2026-27
+£55 (+4.4%) vs 2025-26
As of 6 April 2026

£10.4m

Parking surplus, 2025-26
As of 6 April 2025

25.5%

Household waste recycled,
2024-25

7%

A roads where maintenance
should be considered, 2024-25

240%

Reserves as a share of spending,
2025-26

What is the council tax in City of London?

Band D is **£1,330** a year for 2026-27, and Band A, the lowest, **£886**. That is £1,081 below the England average of £2,411, 294 of 296 in England from the highest.

Of a Band D bill, **£1,112** goes to City of London.

[Every band, who gets the money and how City of London compares](#)

[Where your council tax goes: from your bill to each service](#)

How does the council compare?

- Council tax rise this year 4.4% Lower than the England figure of 4.9%
- Council tax per head £885 Higher than the England figure of £796
- Reserves as a share of net spending 240% Higher than the England figure of 50%
- Borrowing per home £0 Lower than the England figure of £3,474
- Ofsted, children's services Outstanding 73% of English councils are good or outstanding
- CQC, adult social care Good 62% of assessed councils are good or outstanding
- A roads needing maintenance considered 7% Higher than the England figure of 5%
- Recycling rate 25.5% Lower than the England figure of 42.0%
- Major planning decisions on time 97.8% Higher than the England figure of 91.0%

Each figure is set against the figure for England as a whole. They are plain comparisons, one measure at a time: there is no overall score and no ranking of councils. Higher is not always better or worse; what each measure does and does not show is on the [methodology page](#).

[The full report card: complaints, finances, audit, pay and services](#)

Roads, bins and planning

Roads, recycling and planning in City of London

Measure	Figure	Period
A roads where maintenance should be considered	7%	2024-25
B and C roads where maintenance should be considered	67%	2024-25
Unclassified roads where maintenance should be considered	22%	2024-25
Household waste reused, recycled or composted	25.5%	2024-25
Major planning decisions made on time	97.8%	24 months to end of June 2026

Road condition is from the Department for Transport; each figure is compared with England as a whole in the [report card](#).

What does the council make from parking?

Parking income and surplus for City of London

Authority	Year	Income	Surplus
City of London	2025-26	£20.0m	£10.4m

What the law lets a council spend a parking surplus on is on [parking fines and council parking income](#).

Who is your MP?

A council area can span several constituencies, so your MP depends on your address. Enter your postcode in the box at the top of this page to see your MP and what their office cost, or [find any MP by name or constituency](#).

How much crime is recorded here?

In the 12 months to June 2026, police recorded **646.8 crimes per 1,000 residents** in City of London, excluding anti-social behaviour, against 82.4 across England.

[City of London on the crime map, down to streets of a few hundred homes](#)

Your police precept

It funds **City of London**, which has £98m in all for 2026-27. The precept is set once for the whole force area and spent across the whole force area, so the crime figures above for City of London are not what its precept bought.

[City of London: funding, precept and results for the whole force](#)

Who runs police, fire, health and ambulances here?

The bodies that serve City of London, and their latest money

Service	Body	Latest	Per resident
Police	City of London	£98m (2026-27)	£6,238
Fire and rescue	London Fire Brigade	£576m (2025-26)	£63.15
Ambulance	London Ambulance Service NHS Trust	£756m (2024-25)	£82.58
NHS	NHS North East London Integrated Care Board	£6.7bn (2028-29)	£3,183
Roads	City of London	£6m (2025-26)	£409
Schools	City of London	not published	—
Council spending	City of London	£353m (2025-26)	£22,591
Social care	City of London	£15m (2024-25)	£958
Housing	City of London	£8m (2025-26)	£513
Waste and recycling	City of London	not published	—

Each body serves a wider area than City of London, and its money is for the whole of that area. Its page has its funding over time and what is recorded alongside it; [public services near you](#) looks them up for any postcode. Water is not covered yet: see [Discover Water](#).

Which bodies cover City of London: ONS lookups of local authorities to police force areas, fire and rescue authorities, integrated care boards and local health boards (Open Government Licence v3.0); where an area is split between integrated care boards, the one covering most residents is named.

How does City of London look against other councils?

See City of London on [the council map](#), alongside every other council on council tax, complaints, reserves, audit and inspections, or [browse every council](#).

Common questions

- How much is council tax in City of London? Band D is £1,330 a year for 2026-27. [Every band](#).
- Which police force covers City of London? London, City of police force area. Fire and rescue: London Fire and Emergency Planning Authority.

Council tax in City of London

Your area · Last updated 26 September 2026 · <https://whereyourmoneygoes.co.uk/council-tax/england/city-of-london/>

Council tax in City of London for 2026-27 is **£1,330** a year for a **Band D** home, £886 for Band A and £2,659 for the top band. That is £1,081 below the England average of £2,411. It ranks 294 of 296 billing areas in England. Figures are the council's own set rates.

Key figures

£1,330

Band D a year, 2026-27
+£55 (+4.4%) vs 2025-26
As of 6 April 2026

£886

Band A, the lowest
As of 6 April 2026

-£1,081

Band D against the England
average of £2,411
Below average
As of 6 April 2026

294 of 296

Rank in England, highest first
As of 6 April 2026

What is the bill for each band?

Council tax by band in City of London, bands A to H

Band	A year	A month
Band A	£886.37	£73.86
Band B	£1,034.10	£86.18
Band C	£1,181.83	£98.49
Band D	£1,329.56	£110.80
Band E	£1,625.02	£135.42
Band F	£1,920.48	£160.04
Band G	£2,215.93	£184.66
Band H	£2,659.12	£221.59

Who gets the money?

Band D bill in City of London by receiving body

Who receives it	Band D	Share
City of London	£1,112	84%
Other precepting bodies	£217	16%

Each body sets its own precept and the council simply collects them together. The council that sends the bill keeps only its own share.

[Where your council tax goes: from your bill to each service](#)

How does it compare?

Band D here is **£1,081** below the England average, 294 of 296 councils from the highest.

City of London among the England councils nearest it, Band D 2026-27



Ranked highest first. Every council is in the full table.

How does City of London compare? The report card

Official figures on complaints, finances, audit, pay and services for City of London, each from the body that published it and set against the figure for England. See every council on the [council map](#).

- Council tax rise this year 4.4% Lower than the England figure of 4.9%
- Council tax per head £885 Higher than the England figure of £796
- Reserves as a share of net spending 240% Higher than the England figure of 50%
- Borrowing per home £0 Lower than the England figure of £3,474
- Ofsted, children's services Outstanding 73% of English councils are good or outstanding
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Each figure is set against the figure for England as a whole. They are plain comparisons, one measure at a time: there is no overall score and no ranking of councils. Higher is not always better or worse; what each measure does and does not show is on the [methodology page](#).

What do complaints to the ombudsman show?

Local Government and Social Care Ombudsman: City of London, 2025-26

Measure	City of London	For comparison
Complaints and enquiries received	5	—
Complaints and enquiries decided	5	7 in 2024-25
Detailed investigations	0	—
Upheld	0	—
Uphold rate	No investigations	86% for every body the Ombudsman covers; 88% for similar councils
Upheld cases where the council had already offered a satisfactory remedy	—	13% for every body the Ombudsman covers
Ombudsman's recommendations the council complied with	100%	99.9% for every body the Ombudsman covers
Uphold rate in 2024-25	50%	—

An uphold rate depends on how many complaints reach a detailed investigation. With few investigations, one decision moves it a long way.

Source: [Local Government and Social Care Ombudsman, Annual review of local government complaints](#), 2025-26.

The Housing Ombudsman, which handles complaints from council tenants, made 0 findings of severe maladministration against City of London Corporation in 2025-26, out of 18 findings in 9 determinations. Its maladministration rate for this landlord was 59%.

Source: [Housing Ombudsman Service, Annual complaints review: landlord tables](#), 2025-26.

How healthy are its finances?

Reserves, spending and borrowing: City of London

Measure	City of London	For comparison
Net revenue spending, 2025-26	£165.7m	—
Reserves at the end of 2025-26	£396.8m	—
Reserves as a share of net spending	240%	50% for England; 214% in 2024-25
Outstanding borrowing at 30 June 2026	£0k	—
Borrowing per home on the valuation list	£0	£3,474 across English billing authorities

Earmarked and unallocated revenue reserves at the end of the year, excluding schools and public health, as a share of net revenue expenditure. Much of any council's reserves is set aside for particular purposes. Borrowing is total outstanding loans of every kind; councils borrow mainly to pay for buildings, roads and housing, and the figure does not show what the borrowing was for.

Source: [Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government, Local authority revenue expenditure and financing: revenue outturn time series](#), 2025-26; [Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government, Local authority borrowing and investment live table](#), 30 June 2026; [Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government, Council Taxbase statistics](#), 2025.

It was agreed Exceptional Financial Support for 2026-27. Each is dated and linked in the events below.

What have the auditors said?

City of London is not in Public Sector Audit Appointments' opinion data, which covers bodies that use its appointment scheme.

What are senior staff and councillors paid?

Senior pay and councillor allowances for City of London have not yet been read from its statement of accounts. There is no central dataset of either; they are being added council by council, each with a link to the page of the accounts it comes from.

How are its services rated?

Service ratings and performance: City of London

Measure	City of London	For comparison
Children's services, Ofsted overall effectiveness	Outstanding	5 November 2024. 73% of English councils judged good or outstanding
Adult social care, CQC assessment	Good	15 July 2026. 62% of assessed councils rated good or outstanding
A roads where maintenance should be considered, 2024-25	7%	5% in England
B and C roads where maintenance should be considered, 2024-25	67%	7% in England
Unclassified roads where maintenance should be considered, 2024-25	22%	17% in England
Household waste sent for reuse, recycling or composting, 2024-25	25.5%	42.0% for England
Major planning decisions on time, 24 months to end of June 2026	97.8%	91.0% for England
Non-major planning decisions on time, 24 months to end of June 2026	94.1%	90.7% for England

Inspections happen at different times, so a rating can be several years old; the date is shown with each. Planning figures are measured differently in each nation: share of decisions made within the statutory time (13 weeks for major, 8 for non-major) or an agreed extension, over 24 months. Recycling rates are measured differently in England, Scotland and Wales, so compare within a nation.

Source: [Ofsted, Children's social care: local authority inspection outcomes](#), as at 31 March 2026; [Care Quality Commission, Local authority assessments](#), latest assessment; [Department for Transport, Road condition statistics: data tables \(RDC\)](#), 2024-25; [Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, Local authority collected waste management: annual results](#), 2024-25; [Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government, Live tables on planning application statistics \(P151, P153\)](#), 24 months to end of June 2026.

What has happened recently?

Decisions and publications by official bodies about City of London, newest first. Each links to the body that made or published it. News reports are not included.

1. 1 April 2026 Council tax [Council tax for 2026-27: Band D £1,330, up 4.4% on the year before](#) Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government
2. 23 February 2026 Exceptional Financial Support [Exceptional Financial Support agreed in principle for 2026-27](#) £2.65m (support agreed in-principle) Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government
3. 5 February 2026 Election [Local election: 1 seats won](#) Independent 1 Democracy Club
4. 19 June 2025 Election [Local election: 1 seats won](#) Independent 1 Democracy Club
5. 20 March 2025 Election [Local election: 55 seats won](#) Independent 38, Temple and Farringdon Together 10, Labour Party 7 Democracy Club
6. 19 December 2024 Election [Local election: 3 seats won](#) Independent 3 Democracy Club
7. 2 November 2023 Election [Local election: 1 seats won](#) Independent 1 Democracy Club
8. 7 September 2023 Election [Local election: 1 seats won](#) Independent 1 Democracy Club
9. 8 December 2022 Election [Local election: 1 seats won](#) Independent 1 Democracy Club
10. 7 July 2022 Election [Local election: 2 seats won](#) Independent 2 Democracy Club
11. 26 May 2022 Election [Local election: 3 seats won](#) Independent 3 Democracy Club
12. 24 March 2022 Election [Local election: 81 seats won](#) Independent 59, Temple and Farringdon Together 10, Castle Baynard Independents Party 7, Labour Party 5 Democracy Club

Does the council think something here is wrong?

If you represent City of London and think a figure here is wrong, out of date or unfairly presented, email hello@whereyourmoneygoes.co.uk with this page's address and the source you would point to. Every correction is logged, with its date, on the [corrections page](#).

How much of the council's spending does this cover?

Council tax paid for 1.9% of the money City of London had to spend in 2025-26. The rest came from government grants (45.6%), business rates (10.3%) and fees, charges and other income (42.3%). That is why a grant cut can raise your bill even when the council has not changed what it does. [See where it goes](#).

Where can I find out more?

[What council tax is and why it works this way](#), including why the bands are still based on 1991 property values in England and Scotland, and [how every area compares](#), everything else on [City of London: parking, roads, your MP and local services](#), and [City of London on the council map](#).

Common questions

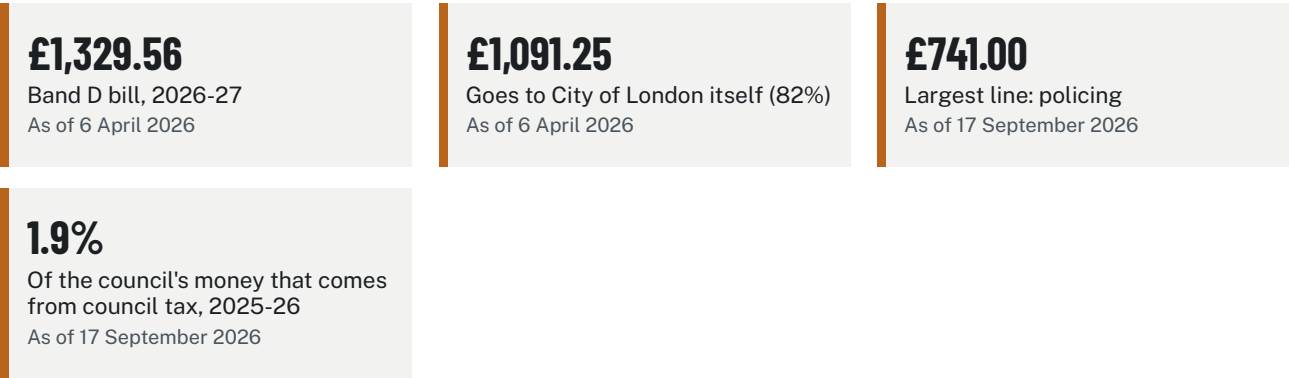
- How much is council tax in City of London? Band D is £1,330 a year for 2026-27. Band A is £886 and the top band £2,659.
- Is council tax in City of London higher than average? No. Band D here is £1,081 below the England average of £2,411.

Where your council tax goes in City of London

Your area · Last updated 26 September 2026 · <https://whereyourmoneygoes.co.uk/council-tax/england/city-of-london/where-it-goes/>

A Band D council tax bill in **City of London** is **£1,329.56** for 2026-27, split between City of London £1,091.25, City of London: adult social care precept, this year's increase £21.13, Greater London Authority £176.38, Parish and town councils (average for the area) £40.80. Shared out in proportion to what each body spends, the largest single line is policing at City of London: **£741.00** of the bill. Council tax pays for 2% of the council's own spending; the rest is government grant, business rates and fees.

Key figures



Who gets your bill

Figures are for a **Band D** home. Bands A to H pay a fixed fraction of this, set in law.
Parish precepts differ from parish to parish; this is the average across the area, and a home outside any parish pays none.

And where does that bit go?

Choose any part of the bill to see how it divides, then keep going as far as the published returns allow. Every level has its own link you can share.
An interactive map or explorer appears here on the live page.

Parks, street cleaning and roads here

What City of London spent, net of income, on the lines readers ask about most. Roads and street cleaning are also shown per mile of road the council looks after, where it is the highway authority. Gully cleaning and verge cutting are inside routine maintenance; no return splits them out.

City of London, 2025-26

Line	Net spending	Per resident	Similar councils, per resident	Per mile of road	Change
Parks and open spaces (including play areas)	£2.7m	£172	£20	—	down 5.0% on 2024-25
Street cleaning	£7.6m	£485	£42	£252,467 (similar: £52,165)	down 6.1% on 2024-25
Road and bridge maintenance	£5.5m	£352	£16	£183,433 (similar: £15,958)	down 18.2% on 2024-25
Environmental, safety and routine maintenance	£2.3m	£145	£11	£75,400 (similar: £13,707)	down 26.0% on 2024-25
Structural maintenance (resurfacing, bridges)	£3.2m	£207	£4.07	£108,033 (similar: £5,460)	down 11.7% on 2024-25
Street lighting (including energy)	£943k	£60	£4.60	£31,433 (similar: £6,047)	down 15.6% on 2024-25

Miles of road: Department for Transport road lengths, 2025; locally managed major roads and all minor roads. More on [what council tax does and doesn't pay for](#).

What it adds up to

City of London: net spending per resident by service, 2025-26, against the median for London boroughs

Service	Per resident	Median
Policing	£15,233	£3.57
Parks, leisure, libraries and culture	£3,245	£39
Environment and regulation	£1,094	£104
Planning and development	£655	£23
Education	£628	£990
Adult social care	£527	£438
Housing (not council homes)	£513	£146
Running the council	£483	£67
Children's social care	£323	£291
Public health	£99	£82
Other services	£-3.97	£17
Roads and transport	£-204.59	£1.75

- City of London spent **46.0%** of its gross service spending on its own staff in 2025-26 (median for London boroughs: 33.2%); the rest went on suppliers, contractors, grants, benefits and other running costs.

What this data does and doesn't show

- These are each body's own figures, as reported to government in its revenue outturn return. Net spending is after the fees, charges and grants a service brings in.
- Your bill is for 2026-27; it is shared out using the latest published return, which covers an earlier year. The mix of spending changes little from one year to the next, but it does change.
- Council tax is not ring-fenced: this shows your bill in proportion to spending, not what your money bought. Where a precept is set aside for adult social care, it is shown against adult social care.
- No council publishes spending at street or property level, so nothing here says what was spent near you.
- Sub-service lines are the ones the national returns itemise. Councils describe their own budgets differently; their budget books and statements of accounts have more detail.

Sources

- Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government, [Council Tax levels set by local authorities in England: Table 10, local authority level data](#), published 25 March 2026. Open Government Licence v3.0.
- Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government, [Local authority revenue expenditure and financing: Revenue Outturn multi-year data set](#), published 17 September 2026. Open Government Licence v3.0.

How the split is worked out, and how the three nations' returns are matched to one list of services, is on the [methodology page](#). The dataset is on the [data page](#). See also [council tax in City of London](#) and [everything else about City of London](#).

Common questions

- What does council tax pay for in City of London?** A Band D bill of £1,329.56 is split between City of London, City of London: adult social care precept, this year's increase, Greater London Authority, Parish and town councils (average for the area). In proportion to spending, the largest line is policing, £741.00.
- Is council tax ring-fenced for particular services?** No. Council tax is pooled with grants, business rates and fees. The adult social care precept is the exception: councils raise it for adult social care.

Parking income in City of London

Your area · Last updated 26 September 2026 · <https://whereyourmoneygoes.co.uk/parking/city-of-london/>

In 2025–26 City of London took **£20.0m** in parking income and spent **£9.6m**, a **surplus of £10.4m** against £10.6m in 2024–25 (–2%), the 34th largest of 290 councils in England. Penalty charges brought in **£8.3m**. Figures are from the council's own return to the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government.

Key figures

£10.40m

Parking surplus
–£0.19m (–1.8%) vs 2024–25
2025–26

£20.00m

Parking income
+£6.37m (+46.7%) vs 2024–25
2025–26

£9.59m

Spending on parking
+£6.56m (+216.4%) vs 2024–25
2025–26

£8.34m

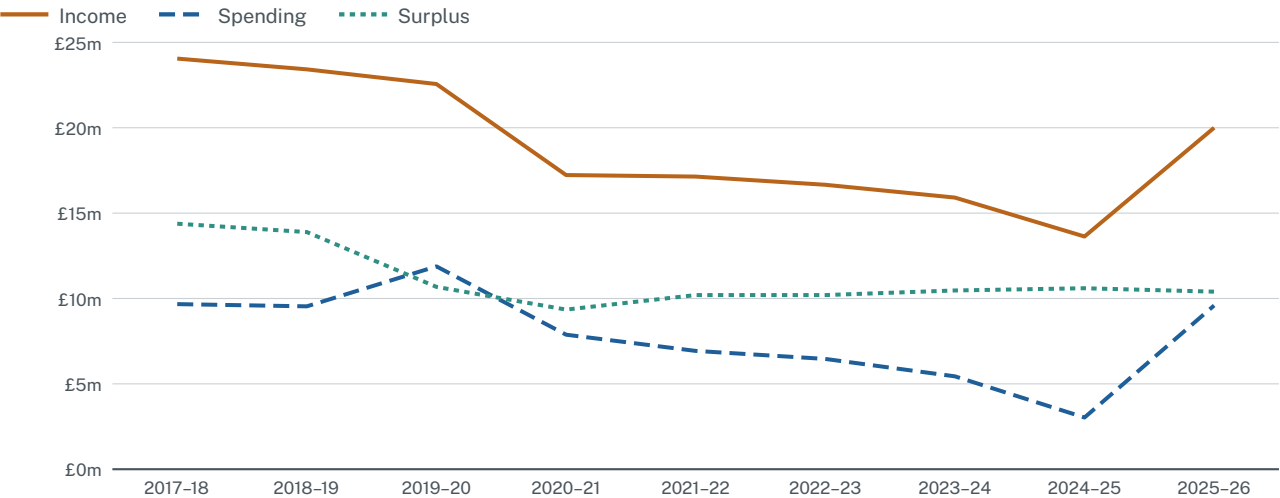
Penalty charge income
+£5.21m (+166.7%) vs 2024–25
2025–26

34 of 290

Rank in England, largest surplus
first
2025–26

How much has City of London made from parking each year?

City of London: parking income, spending and surplus, £ million



City of London: parking income, spending and surplus, £ million. Income: £24.05m in 2017–18, £20m in 2025–26. Spending: £9.67m in 2017–18, £9.59m in 2025–26. Surplus: £14.38m in 2017–18, £10.4m in 2025–26.

City of London: on-street and car park accounts

Year	On-street income	On-street spending	Car park income	Car park spending	Penalty income
2017-18	£21.03m	£6.48m	£3.03m	£3.19m	£14.89m
2018-19	£20.32m	£6.61m	£3.10m	£2.93m	£13.91m
2019-20	£19.68m	£8.76m	£2.88m	£3.12m	£13.01m
2020-21	£15.13m	£4.96m	£2.10m	£2.92m	£10.14m
2021-22	£14.52m	£3.80m	£2.62m	£3.13m	£7.67m
2022-23	£13.84m	£3.63m	£2.82m	£2.83m	£6.48m
2023-24	£12.93m	£2.74m	£2.98m	£2.69m	£5.34m
2024-25	£10.52m	£0.16m	£3.11m	£2.87m	£3.13m
2025-26	£16.80m	£4.35m	£3.19m	£5.24m	£8.34m

All figures are cash, in the council's own return. The most recent year is a first release and may be revised. City of London is recorded as: London.

What can City of London spend a surplus on?

On-street parking charges and all council parking penalty charges (England and Wales)

Ring-fenced by law a ring-fenced parking account. A surplus may only be spent on parking, public transport, highway and environmental improvements and similar purposes; a deficit is made good from the general fund.

[Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984, s55, as applied in England by SI 2022/71, regs 25 and 27](#)

Council car park (off-street) tariffs

Kept by the body that collects it the council's general fund. Section 55 covers on-street parking and enforcement income, not car park fees. Not verified

[Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984, s55\(1\), and DfT statutory guidance on civil parking enforcement](#)

How does City of London compare with other councils?

City of London among the England councils nearest it, parking surplus 2025-26



Ranked largest surplus first; a negative figure is a deficit. Every council is in the full tables.

[Every council's parking surplus](#), penalty charge levels and the national trend.

Sources and licences

Every dataset behind the figures in this document, with its publisher, the date its figures are as of, and the licence they are used under.

Source	Publisher	Figures as of	Licence	Used in
Council Tax levels set by local authorities in England	Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government	the 2026–27 financial year	Open Government Licence v3.0	City of London: your area; Council tax in City of London; Where your council tax goes in City of London
https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/council-tax-statistics				
Local authority revenue expenditure and financing: revenue outturn multi-year data set (RO2 parking)	Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government	the 2025–26 financial year	Open Government Licence v3.0	City of London: your area; Parking income in City of London
https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/local-authority-revenue-expenditure-and-financing-england-revenue-outturn-multi-year-data-set				
Local authority revenue expenditure and financing: Revenue Outturn multi-year data set	Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government	17 September 2026	Open Government Licence v3.0	Where your council tax goes in City of London
https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/6ab26ffffe72ed1e2b02ee74/Revenue_Outturn_time_series_data_v4.csv				
legislation.gov.uk and official guidance, provision by provision	legislation.gov.uk	22 September 2026	Open Government Licence v3.0 (legislation.gov.uk)	Parking income in City of London
https://www.legislation.gov.uk/				

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